Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852 establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities.

That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Product name: C WORLDWIDE ASIA

Legal entity identifier: 967600QIGO353E50TF04 Reference period: 01/01/2024 to 31/12/2024

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?			
• • 🗆 Yes	● ○ X No		
It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective:%	It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of% of sustainable investments		
in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy		
in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy		
	with a social objective		
It made sustainable investments with a social objective:%	It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments		



To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics by this financial product met?

Sustainability indicators measure how the sustainable objectives of this financial product are attained.

The Strategy promoted environmental and social characteristics by considering Principal Adverse Impacts (PAI) on sustainability factors (**Principal Adverse Impacts**). The Principal Adverse Impacts Indicators are specified in the Principal Adverse Impacts Statement of the Investment Manager (**the Principal Adverse Impact Statement**). This analysis has been conducted prior to every new investment made.

The Strategy promoted social characteristics by avoiding investments in investee companies involved in controversial weapons (**Controversial weapons exclusion**). This has been screened for on a monthly basis.

The Strategy promoted social characteristics by avoiding investments in companies exceeding a certain level of involvement in small arms (**Sector exclusions**). This has been screened for on a monthly basis.

There was no reference benchmark designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Strategy (**Reference benchmark**).

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

Principal Adverse Impacts: Please see the table in the "How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?" section below.

Controversial weapons exclusion: Before an investment was made in an investee company and regularly during the holding period the Strategy has conducted screening of the activities of each investee company to avoid investments in companies involved in controversial weapons. No investee companies involved in controversial weapons were identified via the regular screenings during the holding period.

Sector exclusions: Before an investment was made in an investee company and regularly during the holding period the Strategy has conducted screening of the activities of each investee company to avoid investments in companies exceeding a certain level of involvement in specific activities. No investee companies exceeding such level of involvement in specific activities were identified via the regular screenings during the holding period.

	Controversial weapons exclusion				
Activities	Description of Activities	Level of Involvement	Companies Exceeding Level of Involvement 2024	Companies Exceeding Level of Involvement 2023	Companies Exceeding Level of Involvement 2022
Controversial	Companies involved in the core weapon system of controversial weapons, or components or services of the core weapon system that are considered tailormade and essential for the lethal use of the weapon.	0%	0	0	0
Weapons	Companies providing components or services for the core weapon system of controversial weapons, which are either not considered tailor-made or not essential to the lethal use of the weapon.	0%	0	0	0

	Sector exclusions				
Activities	Description of Activities	Level of Involvement	Companies Exceeding Level of Involvement 2024	Companies Exceeding Level of Involvement 2023	Companies Exceeding Level of Involvement 2022
	Companies involved in the manufacturing, distribution, sale or retail sale of assault weapons.	5%	0	0	0
Small Arms	Companies involved in the manufacturing, distribution, sale or retail sale of small arms or key components to small arms.	5%	0	0	0

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

...and compared to previous periods?

The characteristics that are comparable to a previous period are principal adverse impacts, sector exclusions and, controversial weapons exclusion.

Please see the table in the "How did the sustainability indicators perform?" section above for further details.

The sustainability indicators are not subject to an audit statement or other review by a third party, including for historical comparisons.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomyaligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Principal adverse impacts were identified, prioritised, and assessed from a materiality perspective relevant to the specific investment strategy of the Strategy. A proprietary analysis tool based on Principal Adverse Impacts Indicators was applied.

In addition, the Strategy has considered principal adverse impacts through active ownership. Where material adverse impacts have been identified in relation to an investee company, such impacts have in some cases formed the basis for an engagement with the investee company.

The principal adverse impacts of an investee company have been integrated into the investment decision-making process along with other factors such as financial and commercial factors and sustainability risks.

Adverse sustainabili	-	Metric	Impact 2024	Impact 2023
	R ENVIRONMENT-REL	ATED INDICATORS		1
Greenhouse gas emissions	1. GHG emissions	Scope 1 GHG emissions	13068.08 tonne CO2e	66987.54 tonne CO2e
		Scope 2 GHG emissions	6679.62 tonne CO2e	33124.61 tonne CO2e
		From 1 January 2024, Scope 3 GHG emissions	43716.36 tonne CO2e	263520.4 tonne CO2e
		Total GHG emissions	60013.29 tonne CO2e	346822.9 tonne CO2e
	2. Carbon footprint	Carbon footprint	164.85 tonne CO2e / EUR M invested	178.01 tonne CO2e / EUR M invested
	3. GHG intensity of investee companies	GHG intensity of investee companies	507.14 tonne CO2e / EUR M revenue	621.79 tonne CO2e / EUR M revenue
	4. Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector	Share of investments in companies active in the fossil fuel sector	1.1 %	1.02 %
	5. Share of non- renewable energy consumption and production	Share of investments in companies active in the fossil fuel sector	Consumption: 84.66 %	Consumption: 87.8 %
	6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate	Share of non-renewable energy consumption and non-renewable energy production of investee	Total: 0.36 GWh / EUR M revenue	Total: 0.53 GWh / EUR M revenue
	sector	companies from non- renewable energy sources compared to renewable energy sources, expressed	Sector C: 0.30 GWh / EUR M revenue	Sector C: 0.63 GWh / EUR M revenue
		as a percentage	Sector F: <0.01 GWh / EUR M revenue	
			Sector G: 0.01 GWh / EUR M revenue	
			Sector H: 0.02 GWh / EUR M revenue	

		T	6 1 1 0 00 014/1 /	
			Sector L: 0.02 GWh /	
Piodiversity.	7 Activities	Chara of investments in	EUR M revenue	1.02.9/
Biodiversity	7. Activities	Share of investments in	0 %	1.02 %
	negatively affecting	investee companies with		
	biodiversity-	sites/operations located in or near to biodiversity-		
	sensitive areas	sensitive areas where		
	Selisitive aleas	activities of those investee		
		companies negatively		
		affect those areas		
Water	8. Emissions to	Tonnes of emissions to	<0.01 tonne / EUR M	0.04 tonne / EUR M
Water	water	water generated by	invested	invested
	Water	investee companies per	Invested	mvested
		million EUR invested,		
		expressed as a weighted		
		average		
Waste	9. Hazardous	Tonnes of hazardous waste	0.6557348 tonne /	22.5 tonne / EUR M
	waste ratio	generated by investee	EUR M invested	invested
		companies per million EUR		
		invested, expressed as a		
		weighted average		
SOCIAL AND EMPLOY	EE, RESPECT FOR HUI	MAN RIGHTS, ANTI-CORRUPTI	ON AND ANTI-BRIBERY	MATTERS
Social and	10. Violations of	Share of investments in	0 %	15.88 %
employee matters	UN Global	investee companies that		
	Compact	have been involved in		
	principles and	violations of the UNGC		
	Organisation for	principles or OECD		
	Economic	Guidelines for		
	Cooperation and	Multinational Enterprises		
	Development			
	(OECD) Guidelines			
	for Multinational			
	Enterprises			
	11. Lack of	Share of investments in	0 %	0 %
	processes and	investee companies		
	compliance	without policies to monitor		
	mechanisms to	compliance with the UNGC		
	monitor	principles or OECD		
	compliance with	Guidelines for		
	UN Global	Multinational Enterprises		
	Compact	or grievance/complaints		
	principles and	handling mechanisms to		
	OECD Guidelines	address violations of the		
	for Multinational	UNGC principles or OECD		
	Enterprises	Guidelines for		
	12. Unadjusted	Multinational Enterprises Average unadjusted	12.17 %	7.8 %
	T	,	12.17 %	7.8 %
	gender pay gap	gender pay gap of investee companies		
	13. Board gender	Average ratio of female to	17.88 %	15.56 %
	diversity	male board members in	17.00 /0	13.30 /0
	and	investee companies		
	14. Exposure to	Share of investments in	0 %	0 %
	controversial	investee companies	- 70	- / -
	weapons (anti-	involved in the		
	personnel mines,	manufacture or selling of		
	cluster munitions,	controversial weapons		
	chemical			
	weapons and			
	biological			
	weapons)			
ADDITIONAL CLIMAT		ONMENT-RELATED INDICATOR	RS	
Emissions	4. Investments in	Share of investments in	85.15 %	87.21 %
	companies	investee companies		
	without carbon	without carbon emission		
	emission	reduction initiatives aimed		
	reduction	at aligning with the Paris		
	initiatives	Agreement		
			1	1

ADDITIONAL INDICAT	ADDITIONAL INDICATORS FOR SOCIAL AND EMPLOYEE, RESPECT FOR HUMAN RIGHTS, ANTI-CORRUPTION AND ANTI-				
BRIBERY MATTERS					
Anti-corruption and anti-bribery	15. Lack of anti- corruption and anti-bribery policies	Share of investments in entities without policies on anti-corruption and antibribery consistent with the United Nations Convention against Corruption	3.47 %	1 %	



Largest investments 2024

What were the top investments of this financial product?

Sector 2024

% Assets 2024

Country 2024

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is: 01/01-2024 to 31/12-2024.

· ·			
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company	Information Technology	9.67%	Taiwan
Samsung Electronics Pref.	Information Technology	6.35%	Korea, Republic of
Tencent Holdings Ltd	Communication Services	5.89%	China
Alibaba Group Holding	Consumer Discretionary	4.59%	China
Trip.com Group Ltd	Consumer Discretionary	3.63%	China
HDFC Bank Limited	Financials	3.63%	India
SK Hynix	Information Technology	3.39%	Korea, Republic of
ICICI Bank - ADR	Financials	3.23%	India
AIA Group Ltd	Financials	2.63%	Hong Kong
MediaTek Inc	Information Technology	2.47%	Taiwan
DBS Group Holdings Ltd	Financials	2.36%	Singapore
Indian Hotels Co Ltd	Consumer Discretionary	2.35%	India
State Bank of India	Financials	2.15%	India
Chroma ATE Inc	Information Technology	1.86%	Taiwan
Techtronic Industries Co Ltd	Industrials	1.82%	Hong Kong

Largest investments 2023	Sector 2023	% Assets 2023	Country 2023
TSMC	Information Technology	9.1%	Taiwan
Samsung Electronics Pref.	Information Technology	7.9%	Korea, Republic of
Tencent Holdings	Communication Services	5.9%	China
Alibaba Group Holding	Consumer Discretionary	5.5%	China
AIA Group	Financials	3.3%	Hong Kong
ICICI Bank - ADR	Financials	2.9%	India
HDFC Bank	Financials	2.8%	India

Trip.com Group ADR	Consumer Discretionary	2.8%	China
DBS Group	Financials	2.4%	Singapore
Shenzhou International Group	Consumer Discretionary	2.1%	China
Bank Central Asia	Financials	1.8%	Indonesia
State Bank of India	Financials	1.8%	India
China Merchants Bank	Financials	1.8%	China
LG Chem	Materials	1.8%	Korea, Republic of
Sunny Optical Tech	Information Technology	1.7%	China

Largest investments 2022	Sector 2022	% Assets 2022	Country 2022
TSMC	Information Technology	9.1%	Taiwan
Samsung Electronics Pref.	Information Technology	8.1%	Korea, Republic of
Tencent Holdings	Communication Services	6.0%	China
Alibaba Group Holding	Consumer Discretionary	5.4%	China
ICICI Bank - ADR	Financials	3.9%	India
AIA Group	Financials	3.3%	Hong Kong
Sunny Optical Tech	Information Technology	2.7%	China
HDFC	Financials	2.3%	India
DBS Group	Financials	2.1%	Singapore
Techtronic Industries	Industrials	2.0%	Hong Kong
Longi Green Energy Tech	Information Technology	1.9%	China
MediaTek	Information Technology	1.9%	Taiwan
China Merchants Bank	Financials	1.9%	China
Bank Rakyat Indonesia	Financials	1.9%	Indonesia
Hong Kong Exchanges & Clearing	Financials	1.8%	Hong Kong

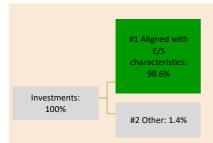
The top investments of the Strategy are calculated based on the average of the quarterly values of the Strategy.



What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

What was the asset allocation?

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

	2024
#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics	98.6%
#2 Other	1.4%

The investments of the Strategy mainly consist of equities. All equities were used to meet the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Strategy, in accordance with the binding elements of the investment strategy (#1).

The remaining investments of the Strategy consist of cash held as ancillary liquidity (#2).

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are economic activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and that have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Sector	Weight
Semiconductors	18.82 %
Diversified Banks	15.88 %
Technology Hardware Storage & Peripherals	7.66 %
Hotels Resorts & Cruise Lines	6.53 %
Interactive Media & Services	5.68 %
Broadline Retail	5.60 %
Industrial Machinery & Supplies & Components	3.68 %
Life & Health Insurance	3.67 %
Apparel Accessories & Luxury Goods	3.34 %
Diversified Real Estate Activities	3.08 %
Industrial Conglomerates	2.48 %
Semiconductor Materials & Equipment	2.47 %
Electronic Equipment & Instruments	2.29 %
Real Estate Development	2.15 %
Electronic Components	1.38 %
Financial Exchanges & Data	1.24 %
Interactive Home Entertainment	1.22 %
Construction Materials	1.17 %
Commodity Chemicals	1.15 %
Household Appliances	1.08 %
Data Processing & Outsourced Services	1.06 %
Construction Machinery & Heavy Transportation Equipment	0.89 %
Food Retail	0.85 %
Electrical Components & Equipment	0.85 %
Specialized Finance	0.82 %
Construction & Engineering	0.82 %
Marine Ports & Services	0.77 %
Personal Care Products	0.74 %

Restaurants	0.70 %
Movies & Entertainment	0.61 %
Marine Transportation	0.49 %
Commercial & Residential Mortgage Finance	0.48 %
Real Estate Services	0.22 %
Tires & Rubber	0.15 %



To what extent were sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

% of aligned investments	Enabling (An economic activity that enables other activities to contribute to an environmental objective)	Transition (Activities that are crucial to the economy but are not currently close to a net-zero carbon emission level)	Own Performance (An economic activity that is performed in an environmentally sustainable way)
Climate Change Mitigation	<1%	0%	<1%
Climate Change Adaptation	0%	-	0%
Biodiversity & Ecosystem	-	-	0%
Pollution Prevention & Control	-	-	0%
Water & Marine Resources	0%	-	0%
Circular Economy	0%	-	0%

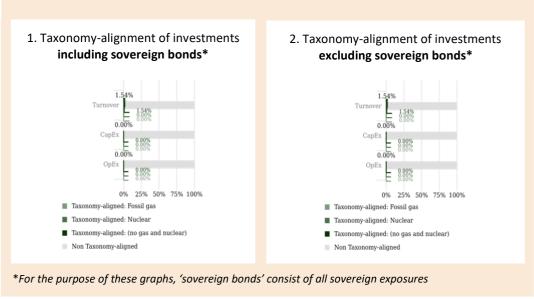
	is financial product in ying with the EU Taxo	vest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities nomy ¹ ?
	Yes:	
	In fossil gas	In nuclear energy
X	No	

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do no significant harm to any EU Taxonomy objective- see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



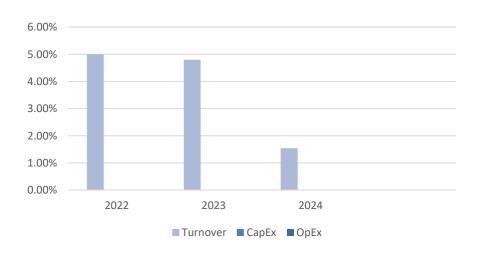
Where data is not available directly from the companies, estimated data is used from a third-party data provider.

Any compliance of the investments with the criteria under Article 3 of the EU Taxonomy has not been subject to an audit statement.

What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

The portfolio is 1.54% aligned with the EU Taxonomy through enabling activities only.

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?





What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Cash is held as ancillary liquidity. There are no minimum environmental or social safeguards. Cash is held as ancillary liquidity. There are no minimum environmental or social safeguards. Investments under "other" are not used for hedging.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

Sector exclusions and controversial weapons

During the reference period screenings were conducted at the time of a new investment and on a regular basis during the holding period to ensure that no investee companies exceeded the level of involvement in the sectors mentioned above. Morningstar Sustainalytics is utilised to conduct these monthly screenings.

Number of investee companies sold due to sector exclusions or controversial weapons			
2024	2023	2022	
0	0	0	

Principal Adverse Impacts

As for the PAIs all investee companies have been screened regularly — and as a minimum once a year - during the holding period via a proprietary analysis tool. Where material adverse impacts have been identified in relation to an investee company, such impacts may form the basis for an engagement with the investee company.

The Strategy has considered principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors as part of its investment decision process as specified in the PAI statement of the Investment Manager.

The PAI statement is available at https://cworldwide.com/downloads/statement-on-principal-adverse-impacts-of-investment-decisions-on-sustainability-factors/

	2024
Amount of new PAI analysis made	8
Amount of updated PAI analysis	50

Active ownership

Engagement is an integral part of the investment process. It is anchored directly with the portfolio management team responsible for the Strategy.

	2024	2023	2022	
Total numbers of engagement:	26 35		23	
Top 3 topics within Environment	Energy Management	Climate Change	Climate Change	
	Water Management	Energy Management	Waste Management	
	Waste Management	Waste Management	Circular Economy	
Top 3 topics within Social	Data Security & Privacy	Product Quality & Safety	Employee Engagement, Diversity & Inclusion	
	Product Quality & Safety	Selling Practices & Product Labour Practices Labour Practices		
	Labour Practices	Labour Practices	Product Quality & Safety	
Top 3 topics within	Strategy	Strategy	Strategy	
	Competitive Behaviour	Competitive Behaviour Competitive Behavio		
	Capital Structure	Business Ethics	Risk Management	

All general meetings of investee companies have been monitored and voting rights were exercised.

Proxy Voting – Overview Statistics	2024		2023		2022	
Meetings Voted	100%	73	100%	94	100%	87
Proposals Voted	100%	563	100%	668	100%	692
Meetings with at least one vote against management	71%		37%		42%	
Proposal	41%	Board Related	54%	Board Related	23%	Routine Business
Categories (Top 3)	26%	Audit/Financials	15%	Compensation	16%	Director Election
3,	13%	Capital Management	12%	Audit/Financials	7%	Auditor Business